**Circulating Fluid Temperature Controller** 

## Thermo-chiler Standard Type

New

( (

## Lightweight and Compact

RoHS

Cooling capacity 9 kW

Weight 136 kg

Temperature stability  $\pm 0.5$  °C (when a load is stable)

Set temperature range 5 °C to 35 °C

Max. ambient temperature 45 °c

Indoor use

Compatible power supplies in Europe, Asia, Oceania, North, Central and South America

•3-phase 400 V



**Water-cooled refrigeration** 

Air-cooled refrigeration

#### With heating function

Heating method using discharged heat makes a heater unnecessary.

**Convenient functions** 

Page 3

Page 2

Timer operation function/Unit conversion function/Power failure auto-restart function/Anti-freezing operation function

**Easy maintenance** 

Tool-less maintenance of filter

Self diagnosis function and check display Page 4

41 types of alarm codes

Communication function Page 4

Equipped with serial communication (RS232C/RS485) and contact I/Os (2 inputs and 3 outputs) as standard.

Environmental friendly

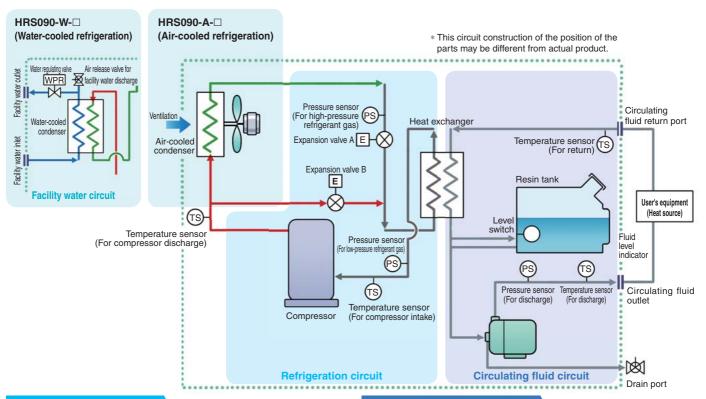
R410A as refrigerant

Series HRS090



## Compact and lightweight

The precision temperature control method by expansion valve and temperature sensor, realized high temperature stability of ±0.5 °C and a small-size tank.



#### Refrigeration circuit

- The compressor compresses the refrigerant gas, and discharges the high temperature and high pressure refrigerant gas.
- In the case of air-cooled refrigeration, the high temperature and high pressure refrigerant gas is cooled down by an air-cooled condenser with the ventilation of the fan, and becomes a liquid. In the case of water-cooled refrigeration, the refrigerant gas is cooled by a water-cooled condenser with the facility water in the facility water circuit, and becomes a liquid.
- The liquefied high pressure refrigerant gas expands and its temperature lowers when it passes through expansion valve A and vaporizes by taking heat from the circulating fluid in the heat exchanger.
- The vaporized refrigerant gas is sucked into the compressor and compressed again.
- When heating the circulating fluid, the high pressure and high temperature refrigerant gas is bypassed into the evaporator by expansion valve B, to heat the circulating fluid.

**Point** 

The combination of precise control of expansion valve A for cooling, and expansion valve B for heating realized high temperature stability.

#### Circulating fluid circuit

- The circulating fluid discharged from the pump, is heated or cooled by the user's equipment and returns to the thermo-chiller.
- The circulating fluid is controlled to a set temperature by the refrigeration circuit, to be discharged to the user's equipment side again by the thermo-chiller.

Point

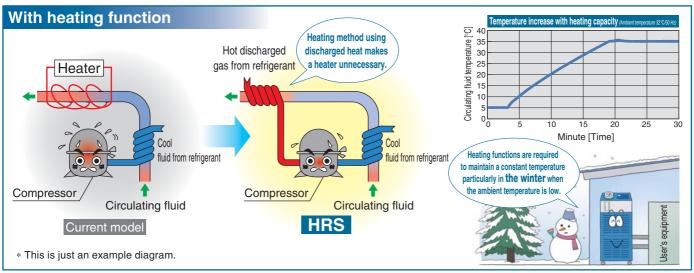
2 temperature sensors (for return and discharge), precise temperature control of the circulating fluid can be performed. Therefore, there is no necessity of absorbing the temperature difference in the circulating fluid with a large tank capacity, and realizes high temperature stability even with a small-size tank. Also, contributes to space-saving.

#### Facility water circuit

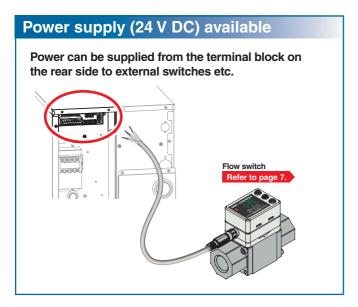
#### For water-cooled refrigeration HRS□-W-□

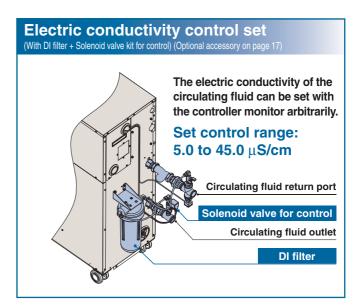
 The water regulating valve opens and closes to keep the refrigerant gas pressure consistent. The facility water flow rate is controlled by the water regulating valve.

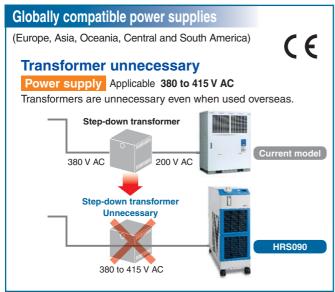
#### Reduced-height double condenser structure 377 1080 Achieved a maximum Conventional Aluminium air-cooled condenser Multiple air-cooled reduction in the height condensers are of the product while High heat transfer efficiency, Lightweight expanding the cooling arranged one above the other. capacity, by providing Compact tank 18 L overlapped air-cooled condensers Temperature followability control reduced the tank capacity 970 required as a buffer.



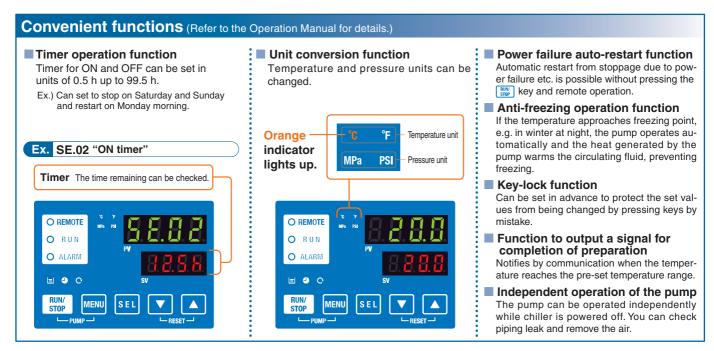












3

#### Self diagnosis function and check display

#### Display of individual alarm codes For details, refer to page 13.

Operation is monitored all the time by the integrated sensor.

Should any error occur, the self diagnosis result is displayed by the applicable alarm code.

This makes it easier to identify the cause of the alarm.

Can be used before requesting service.

#### Changeable alarm set values

Setting item	Set value	
Circulating fluid discharge temperature rise	5 to 55 °C	
Circulating fluid discharge temperature drop	1 to 34 °C	
Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise	0.05 to 0.6 MPa	
Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop	0.05 to 0.6 MPa	



#### Alarm codes notify of checking times.

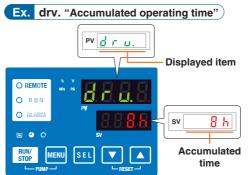
Notifies when to check the pump and fan motor. Helpful for facility maintenance.

\* The fan motor is not used in water-cooled refrigeration.



#### Check display

The internal temperature, pressure and operating time of the product are displayed.



#### Displayed item

Circulating fluid outlet temperature Circulating fluid return temperature Circulating fluid flow rate \*1 Compressor gas temperature Circulating fluid outlet pressure

Compressor gas discharge pressure Compressor gas return pressure Accumulated operating time Accumulated operating time of pump

Accumulated operating time of fan \*2 Accumulated operating time of compressor Accumulated operation time of dustproof filter \*2

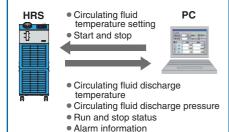
- \*1 This is not measurement value. Use it for reference.
- \*2 These are displayed only for air-cooled refrigeration.

#### **Communication function**

The serial communication (RS232C/RS485) and contact I/Os (2 inputs and 3 outputs) are equipped as standard. Communication with the user's equipment and system construction are possible, depending on the application. A 24 V DC output can be also provided, and is available for a flow switch (SMC's PF2W etc.).

#### Ex. 1 Remote signal I/O through serial communication

The remote operation is enabled (to start and stop) through serial communication

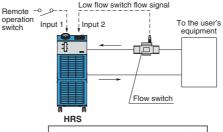


Various setting information

Preparation completion status

#### Ex. 2 Remote operation signal input

One of the contact inputs is used for remote operation and the other is used for a flow switch to monitor the flow, and their warning outputs are taken in.



Power for flow switch (24 V DC) can be supplied from thermo-chiller.

#### Ex. 3 Alarm and operation status (start, stop, etc.) signal output

The alarm and status generated in the product are assigned to 3 output signals based on their contents, and can be output.



#### · Output setting example

Output 1: Temperature rise

Output 2: Pressure rise

Output 3: Operation status (start, stop, etc.)

## **Applications**

#### Laser beam machine/ Laser welding machine

Cooling of the laser oscillation part and power source



#### **Printing machine**

Temperature control of the roller



#### **Cleaning machine**

Temperature control of cleaning solution



#### Arc welding machine

Cooling of the torch



## Resistance welding machine (spot welding)

Cooling of the welding head electrodes, transformers and transistors (thyristors)

## High frequency induction heating equipment

Cooling of the heating coils, high frequency power source and around inverters



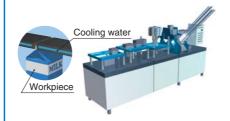
#### X-ray (digital) instrument

Temperature control of X-ray tube and X-ray light sensing part

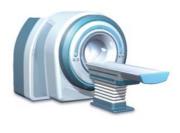


## Packaging line (sealing of film and paper package)

Cooling of workpieces for bonding



#### MRI



#### Injection molding



## **Atomizing device** (food and cosmetics)

Temperature control of sample and device



#### **Crushing machine**

Cooling of the jacket





### ( (

## **Global Supply Network**

#### SMC has a comprehensive network in the global market.

We now have a presence of more than 400 branch offices and distributors in 78 countries world wide such as Asia, Oceania, North/Central/South America, and Europe. With this global network, we are able to provide a global supply of our substantial range of products with the best service. We also provide full support to local factories, foreign manufacturing companies and Japanese companies in each country.





## **SMC Thermo-chiller Variations**

Lots of variations are available in response to the users' requirements.

0 :		Temperature stability	Set temperature											Consideration and	Davis and the		
56	Series		range [°C]	1.2 1.8		2.4 3		5 6		9 10		15	20	25	28	Environment	Power supply
	HRSE Basic type	±2.0	10 to 30	•	•	•										Indoor use	Single phase 230 V AC (50/60 Hz)
	HRS Standard type	±0.1	5 to 40	•	•	•	•	•	•							Indoor use	Single phase 100 to 115 V AC (50/60 Hz)*  Single phase 200 to 230 V AC (50/60 Hz)
	HRS090 Standard type	±0.5	5 to 35							•						Indoor use	3-phase 380 to 415 V AC (50/60 Hz)
	HRS100/150 Standard type	±1.0	5 to 35								•	•				Outdoor installation IPX4	3-phase 380 to 415 V AC (50/60 Hz)
	HRSH090 Inverter type	±0.1	5 to 40							•						Indoor use	3-phase 380 to 415 V AC (50/60 Hz)
	HRSH Inverter type	±0.1	5 to 35								•	•	•	•	•	Outdoor installation IPX4	3-phase 200 V AC (50/60 Hz) 3-phase 200 to 230 V AC (50/60 Hz) 3-phase 380 to 415 V AC (50/60 Hz)

<sup>\*</sup> Only available for lower cooling capacities.



#### Circulating Fluid/Facility Water Line Equipment

#### **Circulating Fluid Line** Power supply (24 V DC) available Terminal block Circulating fluid return port Y-strainer Bypass valve Flow Switch User's **Pressure Switch** equipment Valve **Fittings and Tubing** Circulating fluid outlet Facility Water Line (Water-cooled)

#### Power supply (24 V DC) available Terminal block Facility water outlet User's equipment Facility water inlet

Flow Switch: Monitors flow rate and temperature of the circulating fluid.

3-Colour Display Digital Flow Switch for Water PF3W



3-Colour Display Electromagnetic Type Digital Flow Switch LFE

Pressure Switch Flow Switch

**Digital Flow Switch for** Deionised Water and Chemical Liquids PF2D 4-Channel Flow Monitor PF2 200

Manage pressure and flow rate: digital display

makes these aspects "visible"







Pressure Switch: Monitors pressure of the circulating fluid.



and temperature sensor

2-Colour Display High-Precision Digital Pressure Switch ISE80



Pressure Sensor for General Fluids **PSE56** Pressure Sensor Controller *PSE200,300* 

Refer to the catalogues on www.smc.eu.

#### **Fittings and Tubing**





Metal One-touch Fittings KQB2



Stainless Steel 316 Insert Fittings KFG2







S Coupler/Stainless Steel (Stainless Steel 304) KKA



Stainless Steel 316 One-touch Fittings KQG2



Fluoropolymer Fittings LQ



Refer to the catalogues on www.smc.eu.



Series	Material
Т	Nylon
TU	Polyurethane
TH	FEP (Fluoropolymer)
TD	Modified PTFE (Soft fluoropolymer)
TL	Super PFA
TLM	PFA



## CONTENTS

## Series HRS090 Standard Type



#### Thermo-chiller Series HRS090

#### How to Order/Specifications

Air-cooled 400 V	·····Page 9
Water-cooled 400 V	Page 10
Cooling Capacity	Page 11
Pump Capacity	Page 11
Dimensions	Page 12
Operation Display Panel	Page 13
List of Function ·····	Page 13
Alarm ·····	Page 13
Communication Function	1 ······ Page 14
Options	
With Automatic Fluid Fill	Function Page 15
Applicable to Deionized	Water Piping Page 15

#### Optional Accessories

	① Piping Conversion Fitting Page 16	3
	②Bypass Piping SetPage 16	3
	③ Electric Conductivity Control Set Page 17	7
	4 Particle Filter Set Page 17	7
	5 Filter for Circulating Fluid Fill Port Page 18	3
	Cooling Capacity Calculation	
	Required Cooling Capacity Calculation Page 19	)
	Precautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation ···· Page 20	)
	Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values Page 20	)
S	pecific Product PrecautionsPage 21	ı



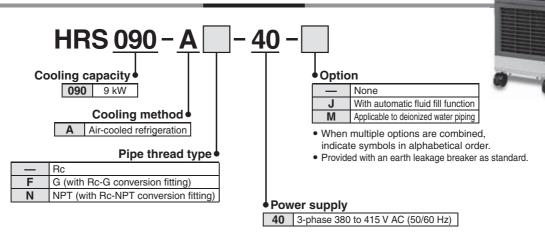
## Thermo-chiller Standard Type Air-cooled 400 V Type

 $\epsilon$ 

RoHS



#### **How to Order**



#### **Specifications**

			Model		HRS090-A□-40-□		
Со	oling me	thod			Air-cooled refrigeration		
Re	frigerant				R410A (HFC)		
Co	ntrol met	thod			PID control		
An	nbient ter	nperature*	1	[°C]	5 to 45		
	Circulat	ing fluid*2			Tap water, 15 % ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionised water		
	Set tem	perature ra	nge*1	[°C]	5 to 35		
ے	Cooling	capacity 5	0/60 Hz*3	[kW]	8.0/9.0		
system	Heating	capacity 5	0/60 Hz*4	[kW]	1.7/2.2		
) ys	Tempera	ature stabil		[°C]	±0.5		
	Pump		v 50/60 Hz (Outlet)*6	[l/min]	29/45		
fluid	capacity		flow rate 50/60 Hz	[l/min]	55/68		
0		Maximum	pump head	[m]	50		
Circulatin	Minimu	m operating	g flow rate 50/60 Hz*7	[l/min]	29/45		
Tank capacity [L]		[L]	18				
irc	Circulat	ing fluid οι	utlet, circulating fluid	return port	Rc 1 (Symbol F: G 1, Symbol N: NPT 1)		
ပ	Tank drain port			Rc 1/4 (Symbol F: G 1/4, Symbol N: NPT 1/4)			
	Fluid co	ntact mate	rial		Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze, PTFE, FKM, EPDM, PVC, NBR, POM, PE, PP, Carbon, Ceramic		
E	Dawara				3-phase 380 to 415 V AC (50/60 Hz)		
system	Power s	suppry			Allowable voltage range ±10 % (No continuous voltage fluctuation)		
l s	Applicable	earth leakage	Rated current	[A]	20		
Electrical	breaker (S	tandard)	Sensitivity of leak current	[mA]	30		
Sct	Rated o	perating cu	rrent 50/60 Hz*5	[A]	8.4/9.1		
Ě	Rated p	ower consu	umption 50/60 Hz*5	[kW (kVA)]	4.4/5.6 (5.8/6.3)		
No	ise level	(Front 1 m/	Height 1 m)*5	[dB (A)]	75		
Accessories			Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Y-strainer (40 meshes) 25A, Barrel nipple 25A, Anchor bolt fixing brackets 2 pcs. (including four M10 bolts)*8				
We	eight (dry	state)		[kg]	Approx. 136		

- \*1 Use a 15 % ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 10 °C or less.
- \*2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid.

Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994)

15 % ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics.

Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 μS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MΩ-cm or lower)

- \*3 ① Ambient temperature: 32 °C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20 °C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 400 V AC
- \*4 ① Ambient temperature: 32 °C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 400 V AC
- \*5 ① Ambient temperature: 32 °C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20 °C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 400 V AC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest
- \*6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure = 0.5 MPa.
- \*7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 0.5 MPa or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.
- \*8 The anchor bolt fixing brackets (including four M10 bolts) are used for fixing to wooden skids when packaging the thermo-chiller. No anchor bolt is included



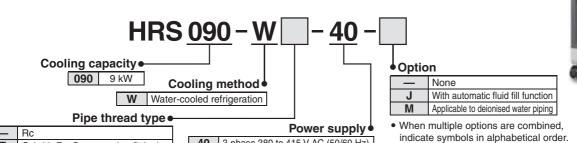
## Thermo-chiller Standard Type Water-cooled 400 V Type

(RoHS)

Series HRS090

#### How to Order

• Provided with an earth leakage breaker as standard.



**40** 3-phase 380 to 415 V AC (50/60 Hz)

#### **Specifications**

G (with Rc-G conversion fitting)

NPT (with Rc-NPT conversion fitting)

_								
			Model		HRS090-W□-40-□			
_	oling met	hod			Water-cooled refrigeration			
	frigerant				R410A (HFC)			
	ntrol met				PID control			
An		nperature*		[°C]	5 to 45			
		ing fluid*2			Tap water, 15 % ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionized water			
		perature ra		[°C]	5 to 35			
Ε		capacity 5		[kW]	9.0/10.5			
system		capacity 50		[kW]	1.7/2.2			
S	Tempera	ature stabil		[°C]	±0.5			
9	Pump		v 50/60 Hz (Outlet)*6	[l/min]	29/45			
fluid	capacity		flow rate 50/60 Hz	[l/min]	55/68			
g			pump head	[m]	50			
Circulating			flow rate 50/60 Hz*7	[l/min]	29/45			
l 🗒	Tank ca			[L]	18			
i.			tlet, circulating fluid r	eturn port	Rc 1 (Symbol F: G 1, Symbol N: NPT 1)			
0	Tank dra	ain port			Rc 1/4 (Symbol F: G 1/4, Symbol N: NPT 1/4)			
	Fluid co	ntact mate	rial		Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze, PTFE,			
	Fluid contact material			FKM, EPDM, PVC, NBR, POM, PE, PP, Carbon, Ceramic				
E	E Temperature range [°C]		[°C]	5 to 40				
system	ਲ੍ਵ Pressure range [MPa]		[MPa]	0.3 to 0.5				
				25/25				
/ate	ਊ Facility water pressure differential [MPa]		[MPa]	0.3 or more				
Facility water	Facility v	water inlet/	outlet		Rc 1/2 (Symbol F: G 1/2, Symbol N: NPT 1/2)			
Fluid contact material			Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Brass					
Fa	riulu co	maci mate	IIai		PTFE, NBR, EPDM			
E	D				3-phase 380 to 415 V AC (50/60 Hz)			
system	Power s	ирріу			Allowable voltage range ±10 % (No continuous voltage fluctuation)			
s	Applicat	ole earth	Rated current	[A]	20			
is	leakage	breaker*8	Sensitivity of leak current	[mA]	30			
듗			[A]	6.4/6.7				
Ĭ	Rated po	ower consu	ımption 50/60 Hz*5	[kW (kVA)]	3.4/4.2 (4.4/4.7)			
No	ise level	(Front 1 m/	Height 1 m)*5	[dB (A)]	65			
			•		Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.),			
١.					Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.),			
Accessories			Y-strainer (40 meshes) 25A, Barrel nipple 25A,					
					Anchor bolt fixing brackets 2 pcs. (including four M10 bolts)*9			
We	ight (dry	etate)		[kg]	Approx. 124			
	igiii (ury			լոցյ	Approx. 124			

\*1 Use a 15 % ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 10 °C or less. Also, when there is a possibility of the facility water being frozen, make sure to discharge all the facility water from the facility water circuit.

\*2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid. Also, when there is a possibility of the facility water being frozen, make sure to discharge all the facility water from the facility water circuit. Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994) 15 % ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics. Deionised water: Electric conductivity 1  $\mu$ S/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1  $\mu$ S/cm or lower)

\*3 ① Facility water temperature: 32 °C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20 °C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 400 V AC

\*4 ① Facility water temperature: 32 °C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 400 V AC

\*5 ① Facility water temperature: 32 °C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20 °C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 400 V AC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest

\*6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure = 0.5 MPa.

\*7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 0.5 MPa or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.

\*8 To be prepared by user. A specified earth leakage breaker is installed for option B [With earth leakage breaker].

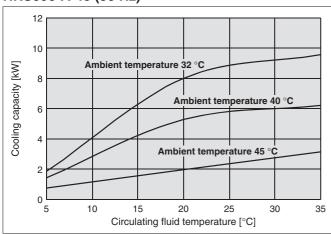
\*9 The anchor bolt fixing brackets (including four M10 bolts) are used for fixing to wooden skids when packaging the thermo-chiller. No anchor bolt is included.



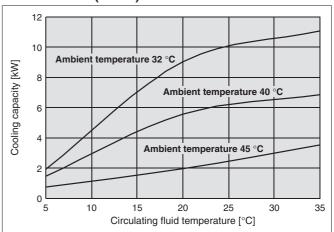
## Series HRS090 Standard Type

#### **Cooling Capacity**

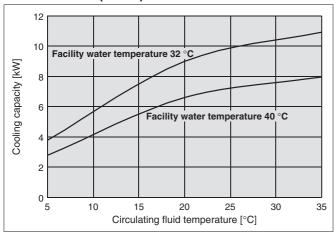
#### HRS090-A-40 (50 Hz)



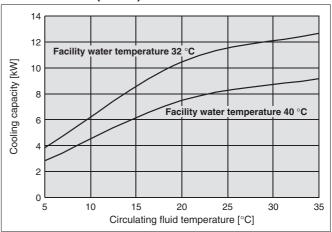
#### HRS090-A-40 (60 Hz)



#### HRS090-W-40 (50 Hz)

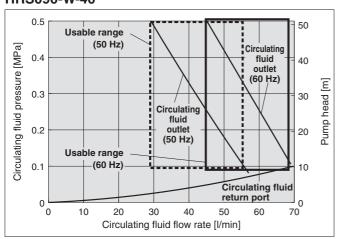


#### HRS090-W-40 (60 Hz)



#### **Pump Capacity**

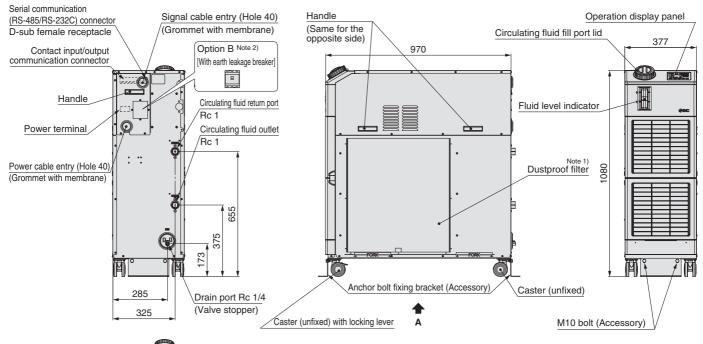
#### HRS090-A-40 HRS090-W-40

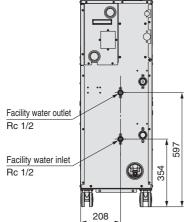


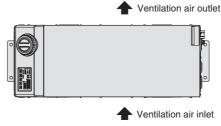


#### **Dimensions**

# Anchor bolt fixing position View A





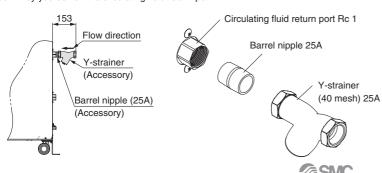


Note 1) The water-cooled type is not equipped with a dustproof filter. Note 2) 400 V type is provided with an earth leakage breaker "-B" as standard.

For water-cooled type

#### **Accessory: Y-strainer mounting view**

\* Mount it by yourself on the circulating fluid return port.



#### **Operation Display Panel**

The basic operation of this unit is controlled through the operation display panel on the front of the product.



	000	, (					
No.	Description		Function				
(1)	Digital display (7 segment,	PV	Displays the circulating fluid current discharge temperature and pressure and alarm codes and other menu items (codes).				
	4 digits)	sv	Displays the circulating fluid discharge temperature and the set values of other menus.				
2	[°C] [°F] lamp		uipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the confidence of displayed temperature (default setting: °C).				
3	[MPa] [PSI] lamp		uipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the tof displayed pressure (default setting: MPa).				
4	[REMOTE] lamp		ables remote operation (start and stop) by nmunication. Lights up during remote operation.				
(5)	[RUN] lamp	it is	nts up when the product is started, and goes off when stopped. Flashes during stand-by for stop or anti- ezing function, or independent operation of the pump.				
6	[ALARM] lamp	Flashes with buzzer when alarm occurs.					
7	[닐] lamp	Lights up when the surface of the fluid level indicator falls below the L level.					
8	[4] lamp		Equipped with a timer for start and stop. Lights up when this function is operated.				
9	[O] lamp	rest	uipped with a power failure auto-restart function, which arts the product automatically after stopped due to a ver failure. Lights up when this function is operated.				
10	[RUN/STOP] key	Ma	kes the product start or stop.				
11)	[MENU] key		s the main menu (display screen of circulating fluid discharge temperature oressure) and other menus (for monitoring and entry of set values).				
12	[SEL] key	Cha	anges the item in menu and enters the set value.				
13	[▼] key	Dec	creases the set value.				
14)	[▲] key	Inci	reases the set value.				
15)	[PUMP] key		s the [MENU] and [RUN/STOP] keys simultaneously. The pump starts ing independently to make the product ready for start-up (release the air).				
16	[RESET] key		ss the [▼] and [▲] keys simultaneously. The alarm zer is stopped and the [ALARM] lamp is reset.				

#### **List of Function**

No.	Function	Outline
1	Main display	Displays the current and set temperature of the circulating fluid, discharge pressure of the circulating fluid. Changes the circulating fluid set temperature.
2	Alarm display menu	Indicates alarm number when an alarm occurs.
3	Inspection monitor menu	Product temperature, pressure and accumulated operating time can be checked as daily inspection. Use these for daily inspection.
4	Key-lock	Keys can be locked so that set values cannot be changed by operator error.
5	Timer for operation start/stop	Timer is used to set the operation start/stop.
6	Signal for the completion of preparation	A signal is output when the circulating fluid temperature reaches the set temperature, when using contact input/output and serial communication.
7	Offset function	Use this function when there is a temperature offset between the discharge temperature of the thermo-chiller and user's equipment.
8	Reset after power failure	Start operation automatically after the power supply is turned on.
9	Key click sound setting	Operation panel key sound can be set on/off.
10	Changing temp. unit	Temperature unit can be changed. Centigrade ( $^{\circ}$ C) $\Leftrightarrow$ Fahrenheit ( $^{\circ}$ F)
11	Changing pressure unit	Pressure unit can be changed. MPa ⇔ PSI
12	Data reset	Functions can be reset to the default settings (settings when shipped from the factory).
13	Accumulation time reset	Reset function when the pump, the fan or the compressor is replaced. Reset the accumulated time here.
14	Anti-freezing function	Circulating fluid is protected from freezing during winter or at night. Set beforehand if there is a risk of freezing.
15	Warming-up function	When circulating fluid temperature rising time at starting needs shortening during winter or at night, set beforehand.
16	Alarm buzzer sound setting	Alarm sound can be set to on/off.
17	Alarm customizing	Operation during alarm condition and threshold values can be changed depending on the alarm type.
18	Communication	This function is used for contact input/output or serial communication.

#### **Alarm**

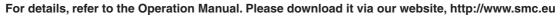
This unit has alarms as standard, and displays each of them by its alarm code on the PV screen with the [ALARM] lamp ([LOW LEVEL] lamp) lit up on the operation display panel. The alarm can be read out through communication.

Code	Alarm message
AL01	Low level in tank
AL02	High circulating fluid discharge temp.
AL03	Circulating fluid discharge temp. rise
AL04	Circulating fluid discharge temp. drop
AL05	High circulating fluid return temp.
AL06	High circulating fluid discharge pressure
AL07	Abnormal pump operation
AL08	Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise
AL09	Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop
AL10	High compressor intake temp.
AL11	Low compressor intake temp.
AL12	Low super heat temp.
AL13	High compressor discharge pressure
AL15	Refrigeration circuit pressure (high pressure side) drop
AL16	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) rise

Code	Alarm message
AL17	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) drop
AL18	Compressor running failure
AL19	Communication error
AL20	Memory error
AL21	DC line fuse cut
AL22	Circulating fluid discharge temp. sensor failure
AL23	Circulating fluid return temp. sensor failure
AL24	Compressor intake temp. sensor failure
AL25	Circulating fluid discharge pressure sensor failure
AL26	Compressor discharge pressure sensor failure
AL27	Compressor intake pressure sensor failure
AL28	Pump maintenance
AL29	Fan maintenance
AL30	Compressor maintenance
AL31	Contact input 1 signal detection

Code	Alarm message
AL32	Contact input 2 signal detection
AL37	Compressor discharge temp. sensor failure
AL38	Compressor discharge temp. rise
AL40	Dustproof filter maintenance Note)
AL41	Power stoppage
AL42	Compressor waiting
AL43	Fan failure Note)
AL45	Compressor over current
AL47	Pump over current
AL50	Incorrect phase error
AL51	Phase board over current

Note) Does not occur on the product of water-cooled refrigeration type.  $\ast$  For details, read the Operation Manual.





#### **Communication Function**

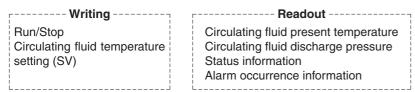
#### **Contact Input/Output**

Item		Specifications		
Connector type		M3 terminal block		
Insulation method		Photocoupler		
	Rated input voltage	24 V DC		
Input signal	Operating voltage range	21.6 to 26.4 V DC		
	Rated input current	5 mA TYP		
	Input impedance	4.7 k $\Omega$		
Combook customer	Rated load voltage	48 V AC or less/30 V DC or less		
Contact output signal	Maximum load current	500 mA AC/DC (resistance load)		
Signal	Minimum load current	5 V DC 10 mA		
O	utput voltage	24 V DC $\pm$ 10 % 500 mA MAX (No inductive load)		
Circuit diagram		To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side  24 V DC output (500 mA MAX)  24 V COM v 13  Signal description Default setting  Contact input signal 2  Contact input signal 1  Run/stop signal input  Contact output signal 3  Alarm status signal output  Contact output signal 2  Contact output signal 3  Remote status signal output  Contact output signal 1  Contact output signal 1  Contact output signal 2  Contact output signal 3  Contact output signal 1  Contact output signal 1		

<sup>\*</sup> The pin numbers and output signals can be set by user. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication.

#### **Serial Communication**

The serial communication (RS-485/RS-232C) enables the following items to be written and read out. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication.



Item	Specifications	
Connector type	D-sub 9-pin, Female connector	
Protocol	Modicon Modbus compliant/S	Simple communication protocol
Standards	EIA standard RS-485	EIA standard RS-232C
Circuit diagram	To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side    User's equipment side   User's	To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side    User's equipment side

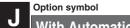
<sup>\*</sup> The terminal resistance of RS-485 (120 Ω) can be switched by the operation display panel. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication. Do not connect other than in the way shown above, as it can result in failure.

Please download the Operation Manual via our website, http://www.smc.eu



## Series HRS090 Options

Note) Select the option when ordering the thermo-chiller because the option cannot be added after purchasing the unit.



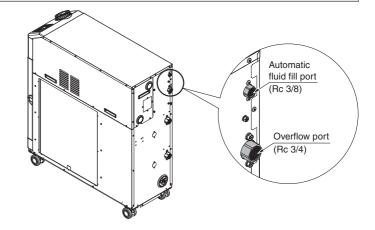
#### With Automatic Fluid Fill Function

HRS090----J

#### With automatic fluid fill function

By installing this at the automatic fluid fill port, the circulating fluid can be automatically supplied to the product using a built-in solenoid valve for filling fluid while the circulating fluid is decreasing.

Applicable model	HRS090-□□-□-J
Fluid fill method	Built-in solenoid valve for automatic fluid filling
Fluid fill pressure [MPa]	0.2 to 0.5
Feed water temperature [°C]	5 to 40





Option symbol

#### **Applicable to Deionised Water Piping**

HRS090-□□-□-M

Applicable to deionised water piping

Contact material of the circulating fluid circuit is made from non-copper materials.

Applicable model	HRS090-□□-□-M
Contact material	Stainless steel (including heat exchanger brazing), SiC, Carbon,
for circulating fluid	PP, PE, POM, FKM, NBR, EPDM, PVC, PTFE

<sup>\*</sup> No change in external dimensions.



## Series HRS090 Optional Accessories

#### 1 Piping Conversion Fitting

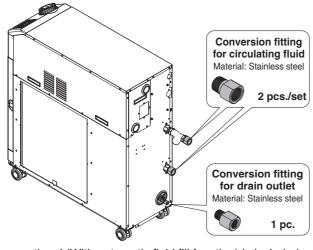
This is a fitting to change the port from Rc to G or NPT.

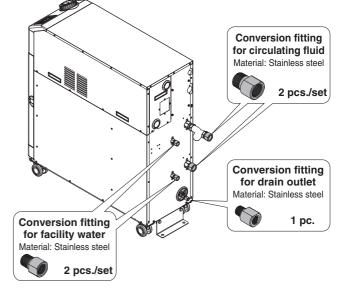
- $\cdot$  Circulating fluid outlet, Circulating fluid return port Rc 1  $\rightarrow$  NPT 1 or G 1
- $\cdot$  Drain port Rc 1/4  $\rightarrow$  NPT 1/4 or G 1/4

(It is not necessary to purchase this when pipe thread type F or N is selected in "How to Order" since it is included in the product.)

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model
HRS-EP018	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS090-A-40
HRS-EP019	G thread conversion fitting set	ппои90-A-40

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model	
HRS-EP022	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS090-W-40	
HRS-EP023	G thread conversion fitting set	HR5090-W-40	





When option J (With automatic fluid fill function) is included, use the following part numbers.

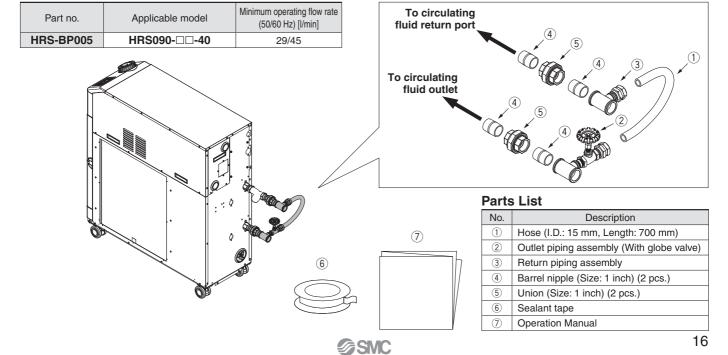
- · Automatic fluid fill port Rc  $3/8 \rightarrow NPT 3/8$  or G 3/8
- $\cdot$  Overflow port Rc  $3/4 \rightarrow$  NPT 3/4 or G 3/4
- \* The conversion fittings for circulating fluid outlet/return port, drain port, facility water inlet/outlet (for water-cooled refrigeration) are also included.

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model
HRS-EP020	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS090-A-40-J
HRS-EP021	G thread conversion fitting set	ппоизи-А-40-Ј

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model
HRS-EP024	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS090-W-40-J
HRS-EP025	G thread conversion fitting set	ทหอบชบ-W-4U-J

#### ② Bypass Piping Set

When the circulating fluid goes below the minimum operating flow rate (as shown below), cooling capacity will be reduced and the temperature stability will be badly affected. Use the bypass piping set to ensure a circulating fluid flow rate of the minimum operating flow rate or more.



## Series HRS090

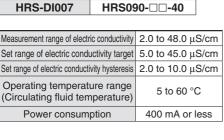
#### **③ Electric Conductivity Control Set**

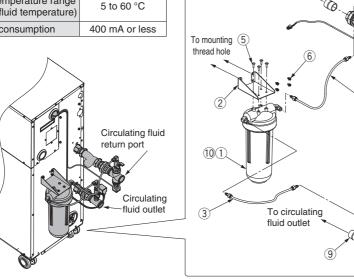
Applicable model

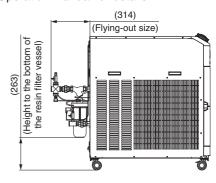
The set indicates and controls the electric conductivity of the circulating fluid. Refer to the Operation Manual for details.

To circulating fluid

return port







#### **Parts List**

No.	Description
1	DI filter vessel (resin)
2	Mounting bracket
3	DI filter inlet tube
4	DI filter outlet tube
(5)	Tapping screw (4 pcs.)
6	Mounting screw (4 pcs.)
7	DI control piping assembly
8	DI sensor assembly
9	Nipple (2 pcs.)
10	DI filter cartridge (Part no.: HRS-DF001)

#### 4 Particle Filter Set

Removes foreign matter in the circulating fluid. This set cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the user's piping system. Refer to the Operation Manual for details.

#### **Particle Filter Set** HRS-PF005-H

Accessory		
Symbol	Accessory	
	None	

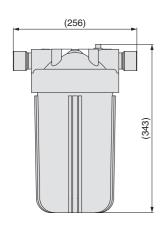
Symbol	Accessory
_	None
Н	With handle

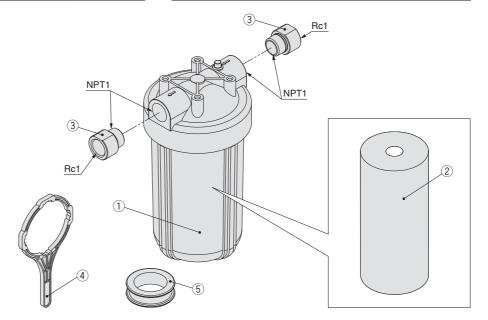
Fluid	Tap water
Max. operating pressure	0.65 MPa
Operating temperature range	5 to 35 °C
Nominal filtration accuracy	5 μm
Installation environment	Indoors

#### **Parts List**

No.	Description	Material	Q'ty	Note
1	Body	PC, PP	1	_
2	Element	PP	1	_
3	Extension piece	Stainless steel	2	Conversion from NPT to Rc
4	Handle	_	1	When -H is selected
(5)	Sealant tape	PTFE	1	_

#### **Replacement Element** HRS-PF006





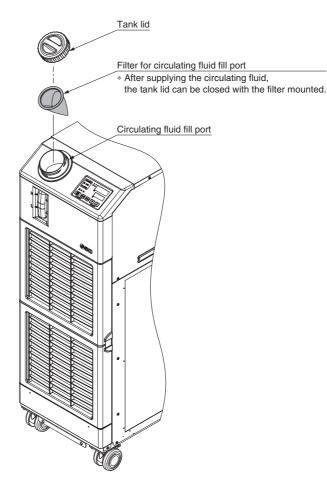


#### **5** Filter for Circulating Fluid Fill Port

Prevents foreign matter from entering the tank when supplying the circulating fluid. Can be used just by fitting into the circulating fluid fill port.

## ■ Filter for circulating fluid fill port HRS-PF007

Material	Stainless steel 304, Stainless steel 316
Mesh size	200



## Series HRS090

## **Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is known.

The heat generation amount can be determined based on the power consumption or output of the heat generating area — i.e. the area requiring cooling — within the user's equipment.\*

1) Derive the heat generation amount from the power consumption.

Power consumption P: 7 [kW]

$$Q = P = 7 [kW]$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %, **7 [kW] x 1.2 = |8.4 [kW]** 

V: Power supply voltage

Power consumption

Q: Heat generation

2 Derive the heat generation amount from the power supply output.

Power supply output VI: 8.8 [kVA]

 $Q = P = V \times I \times Power factor$ 

In this example, using a power factor of 0.85:

$$= 8.8 \text{ [kVA]} \times 0.85 = 7.5 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %,

3 Derive the heat generation amount from the output.

Output (shaft power etc.) W: 13 [kW]

$$Q = P = \frac{W}{Efficiency}$$

In this example, using an efficiency of 0.7:

$$=\frac{5.1}{0.7}=7.3$$
 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %,

#### Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is not known.

Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the user's equipment.

Heat generation amount by user's equipment **Q**: Unknown [W] ([J/s]) Circulating fluid: Tap water\*

Circulating fluid ass flow rate **qm** : (=  $\rho$  x **qv**  $\div$  60) [kg/s]

Circulating fluid density ρ : 1 [kg/L]

Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate **qv** : 35 [l/min]
Circulating fluid specific heat **C** : 4.186 x 10<sup>3</sup> [J/(kg·K)]

Circulating fluid outlet temperature  $T_1$  : 293 [K] (20 [°C]) Circulating fluid return temperature  $T_2$  : 296 [K] (23 [°C]) Circulating fluid temperature difference  $\Delta T$  : 3 [K] (=  $T_2$  –  $T_1$ )

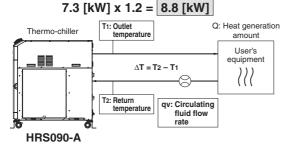
Conversion factor: minutes to seconds (SI units): 60 [s/min]

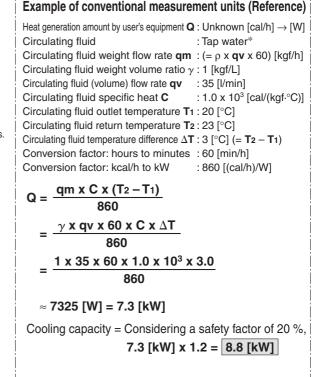
st Refer to page 11 for the typical physical property value of tap water or other circulating fluids.

Q = qm x C x (T<sub>2</sub>-T<sub>1</sub>)  
= 
$$\frac{\rho \times qv \times C \times \Delta T}{60}$$
 =  $\frac{1 \times 35 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 3.0}{60}$ 

= 7325 [J/s] ≈ 7325 [W] = 7.3 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %,





<sup>\*</sup> The above examples calculate the heat generation amount based on the power consumption. The actual heat generation amount may differ due to the structure of the user's equipment. Be sure to check it carefully.

#### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### Example 3: When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) **Q**: Unknown [W] ([J/s])

Cooled substance : Water
Cooled substance mass  $\mathbf{m}$  :  $(= \rho \times \mathbf{V})$  [kg]
Cooled substance density  $\rho$  : 1 [kg/L]
Cooled substance total volume  $\mathbf{V}$  : 150 [L]

Cooled substance specific heat C  $: 4.186 \times 10^3 \, [J/(kg\cdot K)]$  Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins To : 303 [K] (30 [°C])

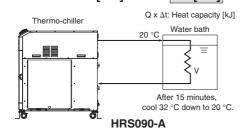
 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Cooled substance temperature after t hour } \textbf{T}t & : 293 \text{ [K] } (20 \text{ [°C]}) \\ \text{Cooling temperature difference } \Delta \textbf{T} & : 10 \text{ [K] } (= \textbf{T}_0 - \textbf{T}_t) \\ \text{Cooling time } \Delta \textbf{t} & : 900 \text{ [s] } (= 15 \text{ [min]}) \\ \end{array}$ 

\* Refer to the following for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Q} &= \frac{\mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{C} \times (\mathbf{T}_0 - \mathbf{T}_t)}{\Delta t} = \frac{\rho \times \mathbf{V} \times \mathbf{C} \times \Delta \mathbf{T}}{\Delta t} \\ &= \frac{1 \times 150 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 10}{900} = 6977 \text{ [J/s]} \approx 7.0 \text{ [kW]} \end{aligned}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %,

7.0 [kW] x 1.2 = 8.4 [kW]



#### Example of conventional measurement units (Reference)

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time)  $\textbf{Q}: Unknown \ [cal/h] \rightarrow [W]$ 

Cooled substance : Water Cooled substance weight  $\mathbf{m}$  :  $(= \rho \times \mathbf{V})$  [kgf] Cooled substance weight volume ratio  $\gamma$ : 1 [kgf/L] Cooled substance total volume  $\mathbf{V}$ : 150 [L]

Cooled substance specific heat **C** : 1.0 x 10<sup>3</sup> [cal/(kgf.°C)]

Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins  $T_0$ : 30 [°C] Cooled substance temperature after t hour  $T_t$ : 20 [°C]

Cooling temperature difference  $\Delta T$  : 10 [°C] (= To - Tt)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Cooling time $\Delta t$} & :15 \mbox{ [min]} \\ \mbox{Conversion factor: hours to minutes} & :60 \mbox{ [min/h]} \\ \mbox{Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW} & :860 \mbox{ [(cal/h)/W]} \\ \end{array}$ 

$$Q = \frac{m \times C \times (T_0 - T_t)}{\Delta t \times 860} = \frac{\gamma \times V \times 60 \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t \times 860}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times 150 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 10^{3} \times 10}{15 \times 860}$$

$$\approx 6977 \text{ [W]} = 7.0 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20 %, 7.0 [kW] x 1.2 = 8.4 [kW]

Note) This is the calculated value by changing the fluid temperature only.

Thus, it varies substantially depending on the water bath or piping shape.

#### **Precautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### 1. Heating capacity

When the circulating fluid temperature is set above room temperature, it needs to be heated by the thermo-chiller. The heating capacity depends on the circulating fluid temperature. Consider the radiation rate and heat capacity of the user's equipment and check beforehand if the required heating capacity is provided.

#### 2. Pump capacity

#### <Circulating fluid flow rate>

Circulating fluid flow rate varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between the thermo-chiller and the user's equipment, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the machine. Check beforehand if the required flow is achieved, using the pump capacity curves.

#### <Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the user's equipment are fully durable against this pressure.

#### Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values

## 1. This catalogue uses the following values for density and specific heat in calculating the required cooling capacity. Density $\rho$ : 1 [kg/L] (or, using conventional unit system, weight volume ratio $\gamma = 1$ [kg/L] )

Specific heat C: 4.19 x 10³ [J/(kg·K)] (or, using conventional unit system, 1 x 10³ [cal/(kgf.°C)])

2. Values for density and specific heat change slightly according to temperature shown below. Use this as a reference.

#### Water

Physical property	Density ρ	Specific heat C	Conventiona	unit system	
Temperature value	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf-°C)]	
5 °C	1.00	4.2 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
10 °C	1.00	4.19 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
15 °C	1.00	4.19 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
20 °C	1.00	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
25 °C	1.00	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
30 °C	1.00	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
35 °C	0.99	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	0.99	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
40 °C	0.99	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	0.99	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	

15 % Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

Physical property	Density ρ	Specific heat C	Conventional unit system	
Temperature value	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio $\gamma$ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf⋅°C)]
5 °C	1.02	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.02	$0.93 \times 10^3$
10 °C	1.02	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.02	$0.93 \times 10^3$
15 °C	1.02	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.02	$0.93 \times 10^3$
20 °C	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	$0.93 \times 10^3$
25 °C	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
30 °C	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.94 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
35 °C	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.94 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
40 °C	1.01	3.92 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	$0.94 \times 10^3$

Note) The above shown are reference values. Contact circulating fluid supplier for details.





Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions. For Temperature Control Equipment Precautions, refer to "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the Operation Manual on the SMC website, http://www.smc.eu

Design

## 

- This catalogue shows the specifications of a single unit.
  - Check the specifications of the single unit (contents of this catalogue) and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the user's system and this unit.
  - 2. Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, prepare a drain pan, water leakage sensor, discharge air facility, and emergency stop equipment, depending on the user's operating condition. Also, the user is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system.
- When attempting to cool areas that are open to the atmosphere (tanks, pipes), plan your piping system accordingly.

When cooling open-air external tanks, arrange the piping so that there are coil pipes for cooling inside the tanks, and to carry back the entire flow volume of circulating fluid that is released.

Use non-corrosive materials for fluid contact parts of circulating fluid.

Using corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts such as piping may cause clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid (facility water) circuits. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.

4. The facility water outlet temperature (water-cooled type) may increase up to around 60 °C.

When selecting the facility water pipings, consider the suitability for temperature.

#### Selection

## **⚠** Warning

#### Model selection

For selecting a model of thermo-chiller, it is required to know the heat generation amount of the user's equipment. Obtain the heat generation amount, referring to "Cooling Capacity Calculation" on pages 19 and 20 before selecting a model.

#### Handling

## **⚠** Warning

#### Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.

Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.

#### **Operating Environment / Storage Environment**

### **Marning**

- 1. Do not use in the following environment as it will lead to a breakdown.
  - 1. Outdoors
  - In locations where water, water vapor, salt water, and oil may splash on the product.
  - 3. In locations where there are dust and particles.
  - 4. In locations where corrosive gases, organic solvents, chemical fluids, or flammable gases are present. (This product is not explosion proof.)
  - 5. In locations where the ambient temperature/humidity exceeds the limits as mentioned below or where condensation occurs. During transportation/storage: -15 °C to 50 °C, 15 % to 85 %

(But as long as water or circulating fluid are not left inside the pipings)

During operation: 5 °C to 45 °C, 30 % to 70 %

(However, use a 15 % ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature or circulating fluid temperature is 10 °C or less.)

- 6. In locations where condensation may occur.
- 7. In locations which receive direct sunlight or radiated heat.
- 8. In locations where there is a heat source nearby and the ventilation is poor.
- 9. In locations where temperature substantially changes.
- In locations where strong magnetic noise occurs.
   (In locations where strong electric fields, strong magnetic fields and surge voltage occur.)
- 11. In locations where static electricity occurs, or conditions which make the product discharge static electricity.
- 12. In locations where high frequency occurs.
- 13. In locations where damage is likely to occur due to lightning.
- 14. In locations at altitude of 3000 m or higher (Except during storage and transportation)
  - \* For altitude of 1000 m or higher
  - Because of lower air density, the heat radiation efficiencies of the devices in the product will be lower in the location at altitude of 1000 m or higher. Therefore, the maximum ambient temperature to use and the cooling capacity will lower according to the descriptions in the table below.

Select the thermo-chiller considering the descriptions.

- ① Upper limit of ambient temperature: Use the product in ambient temperature of the described value or lower at each altitude.
- ② Cooling capacity coefficient: The product's cooling capacity will lower to one that multiplied by the described value at each altitude.

Altitude [m]	① Upper limit of ambient temperature [°C]	② Cooling capacity coefficient
Less than 1000 m	45	1.00
Less than 1500 m	42	0.85
Less than 2000 m	38	0.80
Less than 2500 m	35	0.75
Less than 3000 m	32	0.70

- 15. In locations where strong impacts or vibrations occur.
- 16. In locations where a massive force strong enough to deform the product is applied or a weight from a heavy object is applied.
- 17. In locations where there is not sufficient space for maintenance.
- 18. Bevelled place
- 19. Insects or plants may enter the unit.
- 2. The product is not designed for clean room usage. It generates particles internally.





Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions. For Temperature Control Equipment Precautions, refer to "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the Operation Manual on the SMC website, http://www.smc.eu

**Transportation / Carriage / Movement** 

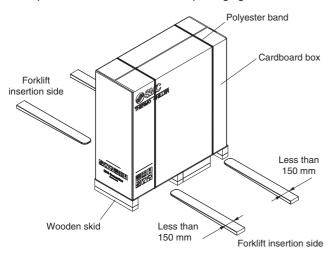
## 

- This product is heavy. Pay attention to safety and position of the product when it is transported, carried and moved.
- 2. Read the Operation Manual carefully to move the product after unpacking.

### **⚠** Caution

 Never put the product down sideway as this may cause a failure.

The product will be delivered in the packaging shown below.

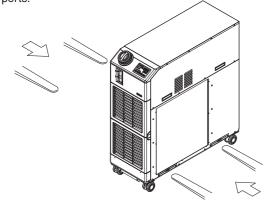


#### <When packaged>

Model	Weight [kg]	Dimensions [mm]	
HRS090-A-40	163	Height 1290 x Width 470 x Depth 1180	
HRS090-W-40	151	neight 1290 x whith 470 x Depth 1180	

#### 2. Moving with forklift

- 1. A licensed driver should drive the forklift.
- 2. Insert the fork to the place specified on the label. The fork should reach through to the other side of the product.
- 3. Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.



#### 3. Moving with casters

- 1. This is a heavy product. Make sure this product is lifted by at least two people to avoid falling.
- 2. Do not grip the piping port on the back side or the handles of the panel
- 3. Do not pass over bumps etc. with the casters.

#### Installation

### **Marning**

- 1. Do not use the product outdoors.
- 2. Do not place heavy objects on top of this product, or step on it.

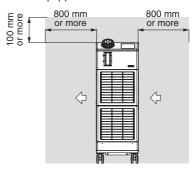
The external panel can be deformed and danger can result.

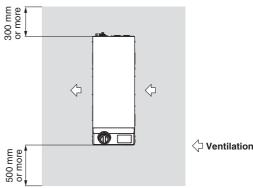
#### **∧** Caution

- Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
- Refer to the Operation Manual for this product, and secure an installation space that is necessary for the maintenance and ventilation.

#### <Air-cooled refrigeration>

- 1. The air-cooled type product exhausts heat using the fan that is mounted to the product. If the product is operated with insufficient ventilation, ambient temperature may exceed 45 °C, and this will affect the performance and life of the product. To prevent this ensure that suitable ventilation is available (see below).
- 2. For installation indoors, ventilation ports and a ventilation fan should be equipped as needed.





3. If it is impossible to exhaust heat from the installation area indoors, or when the installation area is conditioned, provide a duct for heat exhaustion to the air outlet port of this product for ventilation. Do not mount the inlet of the duct (flange) directly to the air vent of the product, and keep a space larger than the diameter of the duct. Additionally, consider the resistance of the duct when making the air vent port for the duct.

#### <Heat radiation amount/Required ventilation rate>

	Heat	Required ventilation rate [m³/min]		
Model	radiation amount	Differential temp. of 3 °C between inside and outside	Differential temp. of 6 °C between inside and outside	
	[kW]	of installation area	of installation area	
HRS090-A-40	17	290	145	





Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions. For Temperature Control Equipment Precautions, refer to "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the Operation Manual on the SMC website, http://www.smc.eu

**Piping** 

#### **∕** Caution

1. Regarding the circulating fluid and facility water pipings, consider carefully the suitability for temperature, circulating fluid.

If the operating performance is not sufficient, the pipings may burst during operation. Using corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts such as piping may cause clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid and facility water circuits. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.

- Select the piping port size which can exceed the rated flow. For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.
- 3. When tightening at the drain port of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.
- 4. For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan and wastewater collection pit just in case the circulating fluid may leak.
- 5. This product series are constant-temperature fluid circulating machines with built-in tanks.

Do not install equipment on your system side such as pumps that forcibly return the circulating fluid to the unit. Also, if you attach an external tank that is open to the air, it may become impossible to circulate the circulating fluid. Proceed with caution.

#### Circulating Fluid

### 

- 1. Avoid oil or other foreign objects entering the circulating fluid.
- 2. When water is used as a circulating fluid, use tap water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards.

Use tap water that conforms to the standards shown below (including water used for dilution of ethylene glycol aqueous solution).

#### Tap Water (as Circulating Fluid) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association

JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulation type - Make-up water"

	Item	Unit Standard value		Influ	ence
	item			Corrosion	Scale generation
	pH (at 25 °C)	_	6.0 to 8.0	0	0
ے	Electric conductivity (25 °C)	[µS/cm]	100* to 300*	0	0
iter	Chloride ion (CI-)	[mg/l]	50 or less	0	
2	Sulfuric acid ion (SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> )	[mg/l]	50 or less	0	
Standard item	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/l]	50 or less		0
tar	Total hardness	[mg/l]	70 or less		0
0)	Calcium hardness (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	[mg/l]	50 or less		0
	Ionic state silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/l]	30 or less		0
E	Iron (Fe)	[mg/l]	0.3 or less	0	0
item	Copper (Cu)	[mg/l]	0.1 or less	0	
ce	Sulfide ion (S <sub>2</sub> -)	[mg/l]	Should not be detected.	0	
rer	Ammonium ion (NH <sub>4</sub> +)	[mg/l]	0.1 or less	0	
Reference	Residual chlorine (CI)	[mg/l]	0.3 or less	0	
Œ	Free carbon (CO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/l]	4.0 or less	0	

- \* In the case of [M $\Omega$ ·cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.
- O: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.
  Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.
- 3. Use an ethylene glycol aqueous solution that does not contain additives such as preservatives.
- 4. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution, maintain a maximum concentration of 15 %.

Overly high concentrations can cause a pump overload. Low concentrations, however, can lead to freezing when circulating fluid temperature is 10 °C or lower and cause the thermo-chiller to break down.

#### **Circulating Fluid**

#### **∕** Caution

5. When deionized water is used, the electric conductivity should be 1  $\mu$ S/cm or higher (Electric resistivity: 1 M $\Omega$ -cm or lower).

#### **Electrical Wiring**

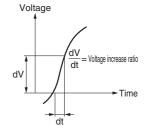
### \land Warning

Grounding should never be connected to a water line, gas line or lightning rod.

#### ∕**!**\ Caution

- 1. Power supply and communication cables should be prepared by user.
- 2. Provide a stable power supply which is not affected by surge or distortion.

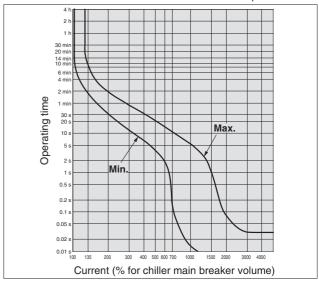
If the voltage increase ratio (dV/dt) at the zero cross should exceed 40 V/200 μsec., it may result in a malfunction.



<For option B [With earth leakage breaker]>

3. This product is installed with a breaker with the following operating characteristics.

For the user's equipment (inlet side), use a breaker whose operating time is equal to or longer than the breaker of this product. If a breaker with shorter operating time is connected, the user's equipment could be cut off due to the inrush current of the motor of this product.



#### **Facility Water Supply**

### **⚠** Warning

<Water-cooled refrigeration>

- 1. The water-cooled refrigeration type thermo-chiller radiates heat to the facility water. Prepare the facility water system that satisfies the heat radiation and the facility water specifications below.
- Required facility water system

<Heat radiation amount/Facility water specifications>

Model	Heat radiation [kW]	Facility water specifications
HRS090-W□-□	17	Refer to "Facility water system" in the specifications on page 10.





Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions. For Temperature Control Equipment Precautions, refer to "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the Operation Manual on the SMC website, http://www.smc.eu

**Facility Water Supply** 

## **Marning**

When using tap water as facility water, use tap water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards. Use tap water that conforms to the standards shown below.

#### Tap Water (as Facility Water) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association

JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulation type - Circulating water"

_	t die de 1001 dooming trator	- ,			,
	Item	Unit	Standard value	Influence	
	item	OTILL	Otaridara valde	Corrosion	Scale generation
	pH (at 25 °C)	_	6.5 to 8.2	0	0
_	Electric conductivity (25 °C)	[µS/cm]	100* to 800*	0	0
item	Chloride ion (Cl-)	[mg/l]	200 or less	0	
	Sulfuric acid ion (SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> )	[mg/l]	200 or less	0	
Standard	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/l]	100 or less		0
star	Total hardness	[mg/l]	200 or less		0
(0)	Calcium hardness (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	[mg/l]	150 or less		0
	Ionic state silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/l]	50 or less		0
E	Iron (Fe)	[mg/l]	1.0 or less	0	0
item	Copper (Cu)	[mg/l]	0.3 or less	0	
Se	Sulfide ion (S <sub>2</sub> -)	[mg/l]	Should not be detected.	0	
Reference	Ammonium ion (NH <sub>4</sub> +)	[mg/l]	1.0 or less	0	
efe	Residual chlorine (CI)	[mg/l]	0.3 or less	0	
æ	Free carbon (CO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/l]	4.0 or less	0	

- \* In the case of [M $\Omega$ ·cm], it will be 0.001 to 0.01.
- O: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.
- Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.

## 3. Set the supply pressure between 0.3 to 0.5 MPa. Ensure a pressure difference at the facility water inlet/outlet of 0.3 MPa or more.

If the supply pressure is high, it will cause water leakage. If the supply pressure and pressure difference at the facility water inlet/outlet is low, it will cause an insufficient flow rate of the facility water, and poor temperature control.

#### Operation

## **Marning**

#### 1. Confirmation before operation

- The fluid level of a tank should be within the specified range of H (High) and L (Low). When exceeding the specified level, the circulating fluid will overflow.
- 2) Remove the air.

Conduct a trial operation, looking at the fluid level.

Since the fluid level will go down when the air is removed from the user's piping system, supply water once again when the fluid level is reduced. When there is no reduction in the fluid level, the job of removing the air is completed. Pump can be operated independently.

#### 2. Confirmation during operation

Check the circulating fluid temperature.

The operating temperature range of the circulating fluid is between 5 and 35  $^{\circ}$ C.

When the amount of heat generated from the user's equipment is greater than the product's capability, the circulating fluid temperature may exceed this range. Use caution regarding this matter.

#### 3. Emergency stop method

When an abnormality is confirmed, stop the machine immediately. After stopping operation, disconnect the power supply from the user's equipment.

#### **Operation Restart Time**

#### **⚠** Caution

Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly.

#### **Protection Circuit**

#### 

If operating in the below conditions, the protection circuit will activate and an operation may not be performed or will stop.

- Power supply voltage is not within the rated voltage range of  $\pm 10$  %.
- In case the water level inside the tank is reduced abnormally.
- · Circulating fluid temperature is too high.
- Compared to the cooling capacity, the heat generation amount of the user's equipment is too high.
- Ambient temperature is too high. (Check the ambient temperature in the specifications.)
- Ventilation hole is clogged with dust or dirt.

#### Maintenance

#### **⚠** Caution

## <Periodical inspection every one month> Clean the ventilation hole.

If the dustproof filter of water-cooled type product becomes clogged with dust or debris, a decline in cooling performance can result. In order to avoid deforming or damaging the dustproof filter, clean it with a long-haired brush or air gun.

## <Periodical inspection every three months> Inspect the circulating fluid.

- 1. When using tap water or deionized water
  - Replacement of circulating fluid
  - Failure to replace the circulating fluid can lead to the development of bacteria or algae. Replace it regularly depending on your usage conditions.
  - Tank cleaning (same as the HRS series)
     Consider whether dirt, slime or foreign objects may be present in the circulating fluid inside the tank, and carry out regular cleanings of the tank.
- 2. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution

Use a concentration meter to confirm that the concentration does not exceed 15 %.

Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.

#### <Periodical inspection during the winter season>

#### 1. Make water-removal arrangements beforehand.

If there is a risk of the circulating fluid and facility water freezing when the product is stopped, release the circulating fluid and facility water in advance.

#### 2. Consult a professional.

This product has an "anti-freezing function" and "warming-up function." Read the Operation Manual carefully, and if any additional anti-freezing function (e.g. tape heater) is needed, ask for it from the vendor.





### **⚠** Safety Instructions

**⚠** Warning:

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "Caution," "Warning" or "Danger." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC)\*1), and other safety regulations.

Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk **⚠** Caution: which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate

Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious

injury.

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk ⚠ Danger: which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. \*1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power - General rules relating to systems. ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power – General rules relating to systems. IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines. (Part 1: General requirements)

ISO 10218-1: Manipulating industrial robots - Safety. etc.

#### **⚠** Warning

1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications.

Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results. The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product. This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalogue information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.

2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.

The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly. The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced

- not service or attempt to remove product machinery/equipment until safety is confirmed.
  - 1. The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been
  - 2. When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully
- 3. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.
- 4. Contact SMC beforehand and take special consideration of safety measures if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions.
  - 1. Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
  - 2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railways, air navigation, space, shipping, vehicles, military, medical treatment, combustion and recreation, or equipment in contact with food and beverages, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, safety equipment or other applications unsuitable for the standard specifications described in the product catalogue.
  - 3. An application which could have negative effects on people, property, or animals requiring special safety analysis.
  - 4. Use in an interlock circuit, which requires the provision of double interlock for possible failure by using a mechanical protective function, and periodical checks to confirm

#### **Limited warranty and Disclaimer/ Compliance Requirements**

The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements".

Read and accept them before using the product.

#### Limited warranty and Disclaimer

- 1. The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered, wichever is first.\*2)
  - Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.
- 2. For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided. This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.
- 3. Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalogue for the particular
  - \*2) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty.

A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered. Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited

#### **Compliance Requirements**

- 1. The use of SMC products with production equipment for the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or any other weapon is strictly prohibited.
- 2. The exports of SMC products or technology from one country to another are governed by the relevant security laws and regulations of the countries involved in the transaction. Prior to the shipment of a SMC product to another country, assure that all local rules governing that export are known

#### 

1. The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries.

The product herein described is basically provided for peaceful use in manufacturing

If considering using the product in other industries, consult SMC beforehand and exchange specifications or a contract if necessary

If anything is unclear, contact your nearest sales branch

#### **∕** Caution

SMC products are not intended for use as instruments for legal metrology.

Measurement instruments that SMC manufactures or sells have not been qualified by type approval tests relevant to the metrology (measurement) laws of each country. Therefore, SMC products cannot be used for business or certification ordained by the metrology (measurement) laws of each country

Nafety Instructions Be sure to read "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) before using

ition (Europe)			l
<b>2</b> +43 (0)2262622800	www.smc.at	office@smc.at	Lithuani
<b>*</b> +32 (0)33551464	www.smcpneumatics.be	info@smcpneumatics.be	Netherla
<b>2</b> +359 (0)2807670	www.smc.bg	office@smc.bg	Norway
<b>*</b> +385 (0)13707288	www.smc.hr	office@smc.hr	Poland
<b>*</b> +420 541424611	www.smc.cz	office@smc.cz	Portuga
<b>*</b> +45 70252900	www.smcdk.com	smc@smcdk.com	Romani
<b>*</b> +372 6510370	www.smcpneumatics.ee	smc@smcpneumatics.ee	Russia
<b>2</b> +358 207513513	www.smc.fi	smcfi@smc.fi	Slovakia
<b>*</b> +33 (0)164761000	www.smc-france.fr	info@smc-france.fr	Slovenia
<b>2</b> +49 (0)61034020	www.smc.de	info@smc.de	Spain
<b>*</b> +30 210 2717265	www.smchellas.gr	sales@smchellas.gr	Sweden
<b>*</b> +36 23511390	www.smc.hu	office@smc.hu	Switzerl
<b>2</b> +353 (0)14039000	www.smcpneumatics.ie	sales@smcpneumatics.ie	Turkey
<b>*</b> +39 0292711	www.smcitalia.it	mailbox@smcitalia.it	UK
<b>2</b> +371 67817700	www.smclv.lv	info@smclv.lv	
	≅ +43 (0)2262622800 ≊ +32 (0)33551464 ≊ +359 (0)2807670 ≊ +385 (0)13707288 ≅ +420 541424611 ≊ +45 70252900 ≊ +372 6510370 ≅ +338 207513513 ≅ +33 (0)164761000 ≅ +49 (0)61034020 ≅ +30 210 2717265 ≅ +36 23511390 ≊ +353 (0)14039000 ≅ +39 0292711	### +43 (0)2262622800 www.smc.at www.smcpneumatics.be www.smc.bg www.smc.bg www.smc.br www.smc.cz www.smcdk.com #### +420 541424611 www.smc.cz www.smcdk.com ####################################	### +43 (0)2262622800 www.smc.at office@smc.at info@smcpneumatics.be office@smc.bt info@smcpneumatics.be office@smc.bt office@smc.cz office@smc.cz office@smc.cz office@smc.cz office@smc.cz office@smc.cz office@smc.cz office@smc.cz office@smc.cz office@smc.ft office@sm

ithuania	<b>2</b> +370 5 2308118	www.smclt.lt	ir
etherlands	<b>2</b> +31 (0)205318888	www.smcpneumatics.nl	ir
orway	<b>*</b> +47 67129020	www.smc-norge.no	р
oland	<b>*</b> +48 222119600	www.smc.pl	C
ortugal	<b>*</b> +351 226166570	www.smc.eu	p
omania	<b>*</b> +40 213205111	www.smcromania.ro	S
ussia	<b>2</b> +7 8127185445	www.smc-pneumatik.ru	İ
lovakia	<b>*</b> +421 (0)413213212	www.smc.sk	C
lovenia	<b>*</b> +386 (0)73885412	www.smc.si	C
pain	<b>*</b> +34 902184100	www.smc.eu	p
weden	<b>*</b> +46 (0)86031200	www.smc.nu	p
witzerland		www.emc.ch	ii

**2** +90 212 489 0 440

info@smclt.lt info@smcpneumatics.nl post@smc-norge.no office@smc.pl postpt@smc.smces.es smcromania@smcromania.ro info@smc-pneumatik.ru office@smc.sk office@smc.si post@smc.smces.es post@smc.nu info@smc.ch info@smcpnomatik.com.tr

SMC CORPORATION Akihabara UDX 15F, 4-14-1, Sotokanda, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-0021, JAPAN Phone: 03-5207-8249 FAX: 03-5298-5362

www.smcpnomatik.com.tr

\*\* +44 (0)845 121 5122 www.smcpneumatics.co.uk sales@smcpneumatics.co.uk